THE MOORE MAKES A FULL STATEMENT UNDER OATH.

DOES NOT CONFESS IN TERMS

ARES HE HAD NO RECOLLEC-TWO Y OF THE MIRDER.

That He Would Rather See Hi on Dead Than in the Hands of Min Wife's Folks-Still Some Danger of a Lynching.

EUTCHINSON, KAS., March 21.—(Spe-al.) John A. Moore, who murdered lis-e children here last Monday morning and t back from McPherson this mornore made a complete statement betary at the McPherson jail.

s not admit in terms that be killed en, but he does not deny it, and subling story about "bad spells" that one of these spells saized him algot of the murder, of which he to have no recollection. Moore's

in full, is as follows: m Moore, of lawful age. on oath, make the following t in relation to myself, and the surrounding the death of ben at Hutchinson Kas., on Sun-

when I was small, and I have rever im since, and I have no other I lived around the best I could n went to Kansas with Lafe my present wife, the daughter Franklin. I was a farm renter oria until last spring, and in I was down in the Indian Ter med to Emporia in October. I did much work, and I left Emporia a p and drove overland to Hutchinrented the small house where the to my wishes, but did so on acmy wife, who wished to live there rented the house. I did not have , and only \$15 in money, and was abt for a stove. I did not wish to e on account of my wife's folks, they were a hard set.

is now in the reformatory at sifalfa. He is my wife's brother in-law's brother, Jim Pense, is meas penitentiary, sent from Em-the same offense, and my wife's Charie, was in the Emporia jail scrape. This was a go

mpletely discouraged, and did not at to do. I have been having bad ven or eight years and Dr. Emporia, has been doctoring a numbness down my body and and my heart will thump and flut-ted will begin to ache and pain, ringing in my head nearly all the bind would get heavy and everyswim before me and at the I did not care to live. During the that I had these spells I would keel the first one I had was on 10 creek. I had the was on 10 creek. I had was on she saw me she thought that I I often have these spells. Each and one of them it seemed to be an the other. I never could tell out when these would come on, but welly followed when I felt bad. berally followed when I feit bad.

I been feeling pretty bad for two
bean feeling pretty bad for two
bean feeling pretty bad for two
bean self-bally and also felt
bally discouraged. My father-inover there Sunday afternoon, and
any wife went away about 4 o'clock.

I bean an awful hard winter on me
wasted my father-in-law to take
feel and let me and my wife work
he would not do it. Three of his
was over there eating off of me,
and him I wanted to pay the \$10.50.

ware over there eating off of me, that him I wanted to pay the \$10.50.

I say I would not have anything to I always paid my debts. I thought have into the same house and black after the children and then set, and that would of kind of always a little, and the children and then set, and that would of kind of always a little, and the children to say of these things. This was colock in the afternoon. My wife they over night with a Mrs. Walshift whom she had been working or three days. After this I went other in-law's, Lee Ensley's, and there until about 9 o'clock and the stay over night with a Mrs. Walshift whom she had been working or three days. After this I went other-in-law's, Lee Ensley's, and there until about 9 o'clock and the stayed at home. I got supper children, and we all ate together. It presty blue and discouraged, and there were aslees. They were all five a law of the law of the whole were aslees. They were all five a law of the law is a little of the law of the were selected. When I came the law and one of my worst spells. I have the law of the law in the law of the law in the law of the house myself. The whole stands to be an awful nightmare I dem't talk any to the children.

I was and she told me to leave, and the leave and it looked that I want to leave my children and the leave to leave my children and the was the children.

I was held boy could read and write think of leaving them to live like making to heave to well a read on with that family. I could not think of leaving them to live like making the leaving them to live like making the leaving them to live like making the leaver to leave my children and the making the leaver to leave my children and the making the leaving them to live like making the leaver to leave my children and the making the leaver to leave my children and the making the leaver to leave my children and the making the leaver to leave my children and the my children and the my children and the my children and the leaver to leave my children and the my children and the my c

his could read and write the first part of the f

APDICAL

TREATMENT ON APPROVAL

To any Reliable Man.

Marvelous appliance and remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, WITHOUT ANY ADVANCE PAYMENT,

APPLETON. WIS. March 22.—Chris
Bosser, a carpenter, to-day shot and instantly killed his mother-th-law. Mrs.
Brehm, and then fatally wounded his wife.
Domestic trouble is said to have been the
cause of the shooting

these things kind of drove me to despair, and when I came in and these things looked so black to me I seemed to lose my reason. I have no recollection after this of killing the children. I recollect of going to the neighbors when the house was burning and the children were in there. It seems as though I had a fearful dream in which the children were there, and I hardly know how it was. I have a recollection of going through a struggle like a dream that I half remember. All the recollection that I haive about this is that I would rather see my children dead than for me to leave them in the hands of those peothat I have about this is that I would rather see my children dead than for me to leave them in the hands of those people. It mean by that my wife's people. It seems like a dream to me now, and that I done something to the children, but I do not recollect using the knife or the hatchet. I loved my children and I lived for them, and would have had them educated if it took every cent that I had and everything I lacked. My wife was the best one of the Franklin family, and I loved her. She was a good, virtnous and true woman and no man can say a word against her."

Moore was taken before a justice of the peace this afternoon and waived his preliminary examination. Moore looks ten years older than he did the morning after the murder, and his former indifference is gone. He was brought from the lail and returned without being handcuffed. He is now in great fear of violence.

Clay County Murderer Changes Hi

Plea to Guilty and Will Pass

Life in Prison.

CLAY CENTER, KAS., March 23.-(Sp.

cial.) John Gilbert, who brutally killed his wife and four children with a hatchet on

the night of February 28, at his home near

Industry, was sentenced to death to-day.

He changed his plea to guilty, and his

trial came to a startling and unexpected

Gilbert was arraigned vesterday and

pleaded not guilty. He seemed to enjoy

vainly puffed up over his own impor-

tance. The court was unable to obtain a

iury from the regular panel, and a special

BOUND TO DIE FOR LOVE.

Hutchinson Ex-Volunteer Makes An-

other Unsuccessful Attempt

to Kill Himself.

HUTCHINSON, KAS., March 23.-(Spe cial.) Cyrus Taylor, who was a private in the Twenty-first Kansas volunteers, and

who recently attempted zuicide here be-

cause Miss Helen Dealy refused to marry

im, attempted his life again here to-day

He is in a precarious condition, but may

recover. Young Taylor had made arrange-ments to go to Leavenworth to-day to en-list with the regulars. A short time be-fore his train was to leave he took fourteen grains of morphine, and was found nearly dead with the following letter held in his hand:

hand:
"Helen:-If this ever reaches you, you will know I have done as I told you I would. I cannot live without you, my Helen. Oh, if you only knew what agony I feel when I think of the many times your

CHICAGO LAWYER IN THE DEAL

Tried to Mulet the Parents of a Large

Sum for the Return of Ger-

ald Lapiner.

CHICAGO, March 23 .- A new phase de

had accomplies in Chicago. It is said that Gerald was brought to Chicago last October and a proposition made to turn him over to his parents upon the payment of a heavy ransom. It is claimed by Lap-iner that a prominent lawyer and the man who gave the Lapiner family the first clue as to the disappearance of Gerald on Dec-oration day had charge of the Chicago end of the negotiations.

KANSAS BANKER INDICTED. Eli Williams, of McPherson, and Two McPherson Millers Accused of

Revenue Law Dodging. WICHITA, KAS., March 23 .- (Special.)

The federal grand jury here has indicted

Eli Williams, the McPherson banker, and

KILLED HER TWO CHILDREN.

then Mrs. Molter Attempted Her Own

Life-Feared Her Husband Was

LA GRANGE, IND., March 23.-Mrs.

Molter, near this city, caused the death

Molter, near this city, caused the death of two of her children last night by administering morphine. She attempted to commit suicide, but failed. She wrote a note to her husband, saying she had given the drug to her children and had taken it herself. It is said that she feared that her husband was becoming insane and for that reach the winted to you to her eternal

her husband was becoming that reason she wanted to go to her eternal rest and take the children with her. The family relations were pleasant.

REFUSED TO ACCEPT FREEDOM.

Mrs. Augusta Schmidt Wants Her Innocence Acknowledged-Cared

Nothing for Liberty. INDIANAPOLIS, March 23.-Governor

unt, after a consultation with those who

nad asked for the parole of Mrs. Augusta

Schmidt, the prisoner who refused the parole after it had been granted to her, has revoked his action and Mrs. Schmidt will remain in the women's prison. She said she would not leave prison unless she was declared innocent by those who convicted her of murder. She is said to be pleased at the governor's last action.

She Took a Scolding Seriously.

GALENA, KAS., March 23,—(Special.) Miss Julia Ramble, a highly respected young lady, and the daughter of Thomas Ramble, of Empire, cut her throat with a butcher kriffe this morning with suicidal intent. She became so weak from loss of blood that recovery was thought impossible, but to-night she is considered out of danger. The attempt at suicidal resulted from brooding over a scolding that her father had given her,

Fatally Hurt by Footpads.

ST. JOSEPH. MO. March 23.—(Special.) Maurice Mayer, a well known young merchant, is at the point of death from the effect of a sandbagging received two nights ago from footpads. He refused to be held up and was slugged. Relatives were unable to account for his conditten for some time after he was found, To-day as regained consciousness sufficiently to give an account of the matter. It is feared his skull is fractured.

Wisconsin Domestic Tragedy.

Going Insanc.

sensation he was creating, and was

Apin and Makes Report-Nothing of His Conclusions is Known -Cousul Chambers to GILBERT SENTENCED TO DEATH

WASHINGTON, March 23 - The German sador, Dr. Von Holleben, called at he state department to-day to further coner with the officials concerning the can situation. The Berlin authorities have communicated very freely on the subwithin the last few days, and as a result of extended dispatches from the forden office the ambassador has presented a ong note covering the latest phases of the It is understood that the German dvices confirm the arrival of Admiral Knutz, and the convoking by him of a neeting of all the officials on the 11th inst. But they do not show what resulted from he meeting. All their reports are silent thus far on this point, but the German view is evidently one of apprehension lest jury from the regular particle of the attor-tion of the control o erious results may grow out of the meetng, in which event the German view is hat the responsibilities should be borne by

SETTLEMENT SEEMS AS FAR OFF

AS EVER.

BERLIN TREATY IS INVOLVED

REVOCATION OF THIS AGREEMENT

those bringing about the meeting. Questions are arising as to the extent and mificance of the action was explained to him.

Several witnesses, however, were put on the stand by order of the court, to testify as to the present mental condition of Gilbert. There was no question as to samity, and the court passed the sentence of death after one year in the penitentiary. There was no demonstration of any sort on the part of the very large crowd.

Gilbert's crime was peculiarly brutal. He had not lived particularly happily with his wife, and had wanted to leave home at various times, but want of means prevented him. One night he brained his wife with a hatchet and then deliberately proceeded to brain his little children. He confessed the crime and then denied the confession. authority of the British and American conruls, acting together, to do anything without the concurrence of Consul Rose, Germany. The German view evidently holds that the Berlin treaty requires the three consuls to act unanimously, and not through a majority. Another question is as to the right of a naval commander to take any political action. The Berlin treaty. in their view, would limit the rights of naval commanders within very narrow limits, leaving them simply to execute what the three consuls, by unanimous agreement, determine upon.

These are the main points engaging at volved, news of Admiral Kautz' action following the meeting on the 11th inst, is awaited with much interest and not a lit-

Admiral Kautz has sustained fully the actions of the chief justice of Samoa, so far as his investigations have gone. Ever since the first news of the emute at Apia German and the British governments have been separately pursuing investigations into the matter, and it was in pursuance of our branch of the inquiry that Admiral Kautz was sent to Apia. It is not understood that the investigation is complete so far as he is concerned, but, at the point where he stands, he has felt obliged to sus tain the conclusions already reached by the United States consul, Luther Osborne, and the chief justice himself. It also ap-pears that these conclusions are in exact I feel when I think of the many times your little arms have been around my neck, with your sweet lips pressed to mine-and then to die believing you deceitful. My God! Why have you forsaken me? Even now, Helen, I still love you. Think kindly of me if you can. God bless you, little sweetheart. My dying prayer is for God to protect you. No one but you knows what we were to each other once. If there is such a thing as spirits returning to this world, mine shall ever be near you. This is the last you will ever hear from one who was once your loving CYRUS." accord with those reached by the British naval commander, Captain Study, of the Porpoise, who was present at Apia during the outbreak, and of Mr. Maxse, the British consul at Apia, who was also a par ticipant. Thus there is an array of four witnesses combined in their testimony, while opposed to them is the German con-

from the Berlin advices, is disposed to firmly in support of its representative, although it had been intimated that his retirement Rose would facilitate a satisfactory and speedy adjustment of the complications in Samoa. It is manifestly mpossible for the United States to dis credit its representative, the chief justice, Mr. Maxse in view of the weight of the testimony in their favor, so that a prac-tical deadlock has been reached so far as this matter of changing the representation of the three powers concerned at Apla is concerned. Our government knows nothing as yet of the reported combined protest of the German citizens of Samoa against Mr. Chambers. If the German government cares to proceed to that length it can, under the treaty of Berlin, request the United States government to withdraw him. But, in accordance with the provisions of the treaty, if the United States does not care to accede to this request. Mr. Chambers would continue in office unless the German government manages to secure the approval for their application of the British government. In view of the facts above stated this is not likely to be had.

These conditions lead to the belief that there is some danger of the repudiation of the treaty of Berlin, and in the present temper of the parties it would not be surprising if this happened without an attempt on their part to replace it, although it is, of course, believed that even in that event some manner of modus vivendi will be provided to prevent another such clash between the conflicting interests as happened ten years ago, resulting in the treaty of Berlin. of the three powers concerned concerned. Our government k

Ell Williams, the McPherson banker, and E. A. Colburn and John C. Hamilton, Mc-Pherson millers, for violating the revenue law. It is charged that Williams got the millers to use a check in the form of a receipt in order to get out of paying the 2-cent war tax. A special agent of the treasury department notified the parties they were violating the law, but he was told that he did not know his business. He appeared before the grand jury and had indictments found against them. They will be arrested in a few days. SHERMAN ABLE TO SIT UP. He Will Be Transferred to the United States Craiser Chicago This

Morning. SANTIAGO, March 23.-Mr. John Sherman is feeling very much better this even ing, and his physicians regard his condi-tion as much improved. During a part of the afternoon he sat on the deck of the Paris, viewing Santiago. The United States cruiser Chicago is expected here by day-break to-morrow, and Mr. Sherman will be immediately transferred to her. The anx-iety of his relatives on the Paris is now virtually at an end.

The party of tourists on board the Paris have made the most of the day, visiting every accessible spot, crowding the battle-fields, buying relics and even paying fabu-lous prices for machetes that have been shipped from the United States since the war. Various excursions have been taken during the day, one to San Luis, another to Morro castle and a third to view the wrecks of the destroyed cruisers of Ad-miral Cervera's squadron, the Viscaya and Almirante Oquendo. cruiser Chicago is expected here by day-

HOPE FOR THE YOUNGERS. Minnesota Senaté Reconsiders and Passes the Bill Providing for

Their Parole. ST. PAUL, MINN., March 23.-The propects of the Younger boys being released from state prison are much brighter today. The bill which permits the purole of life prisoners after twenty years' imprisonment, with uninterrupted good behavior, was yesterday defeated in the senate, but to-day Senator Wilson had the bill recon-sidered and, after an amendment was sadepted, requiring the approval by the board of pardons of such paroles by the board of pardons of such paroles by the board of prison mamagers, the bill was passed by a vote of 8 to a. The board of pardons has heretofore stroigly opposed pardon for the Youngers, but their friends hope for a more favorable disposition toward a proposal to parole the prisoners.

Chapman's Citizens' Ticket.

CHAPMAN, KAS. March 21 Special.)
The following dry ticket has been nominated for the city election: Mayor, T. J.
Poor: councilmen, P. Scanlon, P. P. Whitehair, J. M. Clifford, W. H. Harris, Charles Louden: police judge, J. B. Frost, city clerk. L. E. Humphrey: marshal, John Martin. Owing to the location here of the county high school, there is a strong anti-joint sentiment.

Anti-Gold Contract Law Passed. NASHVILLE TENN. March 21.—The house of representatives to-day passed the senate bill making all contracts entered into in Tennessee hereafter payable in any legal tender. The bill was so amended as to exempt contracts already in existence. It is the outgrowth of the silver sentiment in Tennessee.

Jersey City.

NEW YORK, March 23.-It is likely that the destitute negroes who arrived in Jersey City from Okiahoma a week ago, hoping to continue on the journey to Liberia, will sattle in will settle in Jersey City, Long Island City and various parts of New York.

ed quarters has served completely to dispet their dreams of the African paradise, and they no longer cling to the hope of reaching it. They do not know what they are going to do, or where they will go, but sit or stand about in the cars during the day and curl up in and under the seats at night. They will not venture any distance from the cars, either by day or night, only going iar enough to buy food and returning immediately, lest they should become separated from the others.

Hev. Mr. W.C. Hawes, leader and spokes man of the emigrants, has bestirred himself to find them shelter. The railroad officials informed Chief Murphy of Jersey City, that if the emigrants had not left the cars by to-day they would be ejected. Chief Murphy had a consultation with the overseer of the poor, John Hewlit, and afterward informed the railroad officials that the authorities in Jersey City would refuse to allow the willow. reaching it. They do not know what the afterward informed the railroad officials that the authorities in Jersey City would refuse to allow the railroad company to eject the colored people and have them become public charges.

It is almost certain that immediate aid will be given to the emigrants by the colored people of this city. Rev. Mr. D. W. Wisher, pastor of Mount Olive Eaptist church, has been several times to see the emigrants and has promised that he would call his congregation together and ask them to belo. them to help.

The burden of caring for the 104 emigrants has fallen upon five of the party who are better supplied with means. Mr. Hawes has spent over \$400 since he left Oklahoma. Mr. Hawes said that he intended to do everything he could to get back the money they had paid to the Migration Society.

KOCH TO STUDY MALARIA.

by Mosquitoes. RERLIN March 92 -Professor Robert Koch, the celebrated bacteriologist, who, in 1883, at the head of the German cholera ommission, visited Egypt and India and then discovered the so-caled "comma" cholera bacillus will start with an expedition next month for the troples, to con tinue his investigation as to the nature and The reichstag has made a grant of 60,000 marks in aid of the undertaking.

German Bacteriologist Believes That

the Microbes Are Carried

marks in aid of the undertaking.

The expedition referred to in the fore-going dispatch is in line with the efforts of Professor Koch to mitigate tropical fevers. When he returned last year from a similar expedition to the German East African coast, he advanced the theory that, in the case of human beings, mosquiroes played the part in communicating malaria which ticks play in the cattle disease known as "Texas fever." He had reached the conclusion that, where there are mosquitoes, there is always malaria, and where there are no mosquitoes there is no malaria. Moreover, he reported it was possible by microscopic examination of the blood of a patient to discover from the nature of the microbes the exact stage which the disease had reached. This discovery he regarded—according to his report at the time—as of the highest importance in its bearings upon the administration of quinine shortly before the attack or shortly after. His theory, as then expounded, is that the quinine, taken at the right moment stops malaria fever, not by expounded, is that the quinine, taken at the right moment, stops malaria fever, not the killing of the germs but by arresting their growth; and his conclusion was that a proper employment of quinine, with the establishment of mountain health resorts, would rob tropical fever of many of its

THE PRESIDENT TO SAMPSON. Mr. McKinley Replies to the Admir-

al's Letter in Regard to the Advancement of His Men. WASHINGTON, March 23. - Admiral Sampson has received from the president

the following reply to his letter of March Executive Mansion, Washington, March

which you express a desire that, without regard to your own interests, the other naval officers who rendered such conspictions services in the naval campaign in the West Indies may have the advancement which you ask nothing for yourself. I lighly commended for them, and in which you ask nothing for yourself. I have the highest appreciation of your services as commander-in-chief of the Atlantic naval forces during the Spanish war in blockading Cuba, co-operating with the army, directing the movements of the great number of vessels under your orders, and at last, after the most effective preparations, consummating, with the gallant officers and men under your command, the destruction of the Spanish fleet. It was in recognition of your services and of your great skill that I recommended you to the senate for the advancement which you had carned. Yours very truly.

Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, United States Navy, Commander-in-Chief U. S. Naval Forces, North Atlantic Fleet, U. S. Flagship New York, Havana, Cuba.

ANOTHER GUNBOAT RAISED. My Dear Sir:-I am in receipt of your

ANOTHER GUNBOAT RAISED.

Spaniards Sauk It at Guantanamo Cristobal Colon Not Yet Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, March 23.-The navy department is gratified to learn that its repre-sentatives who have been working for some time in the vicinity of Santiago and Guantanamo have succeeded in adding an-Guantanamo have succeeded in adding another vessel to the American navy, in the shape of the gunboat Baracoa, which was reported to have been towed into Santiago. The Baracoa was one of the Spanish gunboats sunk near Guantanamo. She is a useful type of vessel for patrol work, and is about 30 per cent larger than the gunboats Sandoval and Alvarado, now at the Washington navy yard. The Baracoa is of steel, 114 feet 9 inches long, 16 feet 5 inches beam and 8 feet 2 inches draft. Her displacement is 125 tons and, with 226 horsepower, she is able to make ten knots. She carries one Hontoria gun of 3.5-inch calliber, one of 2.5-inch calliber, and two machine guns. Probably she will be ordered north as soon as she can be made ready for the voyage, to be thoroughly overhauled at one of the navy yards.

The navy department is still walting to hear from the Swedish company which has undertaken to raise the Cristobal Colon. The project has not been abandoned by any means. Expert engineers in the employ of the company visited the wreck and made a careful study of the situation. They returned to Sweden and, according to their report, began the preparation of exact estimates of the cost of raising the ship. They entertained no doubt of their ability to raise the ship.

Admitted to Practice. other vessel to the American navy, in the

Admitted to Practice.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—(Special.) The following have been admitted to practice before the inderior department: Martin Vanburen Chapman, Coffeyville; James R. Donaldson, Goffs; George B. Edgar, Lawrence; Joseph W. Forney, Belle Plaine; Abtel S. Dennison, Columbus; Orland Cheney, Fort Scott; Mathew T. Campbell and Eishob Compton, of Topeka, Kas., Hamilton Ellis, Stillwater O. T.; John T. Cowhick, Galt; Francis M. Carter, Farmington, Edward L. French, Lancaster; Robert D. Cramer, Memphis; William F. Calfel, Milan, and William N. Davis, Melvern, Me.

SAMOA OKLAHOMA NEGROES STRANDED PLUNGED IN WHEAT

The latest pilgrim to the Mexican shrine of Grant Gillett, the reputed bankrupt cattie plunger, had a very unsatisfactory experience. He is a prominent lawyer of Kansas City and has clients who hold a good many bits of paper bearing Gillett's autograph which are souvenirs of money adcanced on the representation that the catle securities offered were bona fide and the bovines were growing fat in Kansas

pustures.
"I found Giliett." said the returned grim yesterday, "apparently in clover. He apeared to be contented and happy and is doing a good business with his hotel," "Did he have anything to say about his business affairs?

"In a general way. He has particular friends he is protecting, I am sure, and he intimated as much to me, but the majority of his creditors will only get a continuous ran for their money. Said he to me: 'If I und \$5,000, or any part of it, I would give it up to my creditors, but I haven't got it and can do no more than I am doing.

"I said to him: 'We believe you have \$200,000 stored away.' I can't help that,' said he. 'You know I lost \$60,000 and he. one transaction just before I left; that I bought 80,000 bushels of corn and which went, the Lord only knows where, from my

went, the Lord only knows where, from my bins at Woodbine, and that I loaned and advanced money to friends who lost it on the board of trade. I, of course, knew in a general way, of his cattle deal and had heard of the corn transaction, but the fact that his money had been gambled away by friends was news to me.

"I told him, during the same conversation, that if he had any money he ought to give it up for the benefit of his creditors, but he reiterated the statement that he was broke. But I must confess, I did not believe him.

"But he is doing well in the hotel business. He has a partner named Germond, who is the active manager, but Gillett assists and is proving himself a very capable hotel man. The house is crowded all the time. It has forty-three rooms and the rates range from \$1.50 to \$1.50 a day. The rent is about \$125 a month, so you can readily perceive that he is making good money.

Mrs. Gillett Is Popular. Mrs. Gillett Is Popular.

"His wife, a very pleasant little lady, ha

adapted herself to her environments and is again as blithe and as gay as she was reputed to be when she was mistress of Woodbine farm. She is already a great favorite in Chihuahua."
"Did Gillett speak of an early return to Kanasa Cive"

"Did Gillett speak of an early return to Kansas City?"
"No, he did not mention a word that could be construed into even a hint of such a plan. I do not think he will ever come back. Every day new facts are being learned about his transactions and the future will develop more. Litigation over his mortgaged cattle will occupy the attention of courts for years; cattle that never existed will be another contention bone for lawyers to fight over, and mortgagees of the second and third class will have to disprove the claims of alleged first mortgagees in order to realize 50 cents on the dollar.

Total Loss Will Re Over \$200,000.

"When the crash came Gillett cattle, as you know, were dumped on the market Buyers knowing the situation offered ridic-

anticipate that he will make any overtures for a settlement on a cash basis.
"I did not see Troxel. He was in Abllene, the day I left Chihuahua. But I understand that he was a very much disappointed man. He believed all along that the cattle he mortgaged in his own name at the request of Gillett existed, and his return to Kansas was for the purpose of locating the cattle for the benefit of the holders of the bit of paper which bears his autograph. But he couldn't find a hoof or a horn and was reluctantly compelied to admit his disappointment to the creditors he was trying to befriend.
"I remained with Gillett only for a day. In that short time I learned that the fight for money was on this side of the line."

GILLETT'S RETURN UNLIKELY. Another Member of the Family Ha

Joined the Cattle Plunger In Mexico.

ABILENE, KAS., March 23.-(Special.) Miss Cora Baumbaugh, sister of Mrs. Grant Gillett, has gone to Chihuahua to join the Gilletts. It is now expected that none of the family will return. The attachmen suit against Mrs. Gillett's property has no suit against Mrs. Gillett's property has not been decided, but when it is there wiil be little else for legal contests in connection with her property. Gillett is keeping up all his life insurance policies, and sends no more information that he intends to return. The probabilities are that he will not do so, and that all his wife's remaining property here will be turned into cash and sent to them. The investigations of Troxel were not favorable to Gillett's return, and it is considered that his advice to the plunger was to remain away. It was more plunger was to remain away. It was more to test the feeling in this respect than for any other reason that Troxel came back, and his conclusions were not hope-ful.

ECHO OF GILLETT FAILURE. Suit for \$3,971 Against Cattle Commission Men in Circuit

WASHINGTON, March 27.-It is now be-lieved that President McKinley will take an extended vacation this summer, if pub-lic business will permit. Last spring he wanted to take a trip through the West, visiting Yellowstone park and going as far as the Pacific coast, and he may see his way clear to take that trip this summer.

If YOU WANT "THE ONLY" GENUINE HUNYADI WATER,

Insist Upon Receiving

VATURAL APERIEST WATER

the only water which comes from the Hunyadi Springs of Hungary, owned by ANDREAS SAXLEHNER,

Budapest.

DR. HYDE'S BI-SULPHO TABLETS

The Only Perfect "Spring Medicine" in Tablet Form—Thousands of FREE Treatments Given Away at Kansas City Drug Stores.

The distribution of free trial treatments of Dr. Hyde's Bi-Sulpho Tablets has been the means of placing this splendid remedy in the hands of hundreds of men and women in Kansas City, who are sufferers from disordered blood and diseases arising therefrom. The trial treatment is not sufficient, of course, to effect a cure, but is given away to show to sufferers the convenient form of the medicine and how pleasant it is to take. The trial treatment should be followed up by a full treatment should be followed up by a full treatment, which can be secured at your druggist's. Price, 50 cents per box.

Dr. Hyde's Bi-Sulpho Tablets are the only "spring medicine" in tablet form on the market, and at this senson of the year every person should take at least one box as a general blood purifier.

Most of the common diseases that yex

her. Most of the common disenses that vex humanity can be traced to the blood. Liver and kidney troubles, rheumatism and catarrh, bilionsness and other organic troubles usually start from bad blood.

had blood.

The curative properties of Sulphur have been known for ages, but its use has been greatly restricted through inability to prepare it in an accept-able form. By a happy combination

of Sulphur and Cream of Tartar, secured by Dr. Hyde in his Bi-Sulphe Tablets, there is found an assured specific for all blood diseases. Chronic Rheumatism, Liver Affections, Billiousness, Pimples, Bilotches, Moth Patches and all diseases of the skin.

Dr. Hyde's Bi-Sulpho Tablets are not a patent medicine or secret compound, but the scientific product of two great remedies. Bi-Sulpho Tablets are the most effective treatment for the blood yet produced. They purify, revitalize and renew the blood. Do not commit the common error of taking medicines that dry up the impurities, but take Dr. Hyde's Bi-Sulpho Tablets according to directions. You will find them positive in results and paintable to the taste, closely resembling the daintiest Lemon Drop. If you cannot get a free trial package at your druggists, write direct to the Bi-Sulpho Co., Marshall, Mich., giving simply your name and address, and it will be sent to you free of charge.

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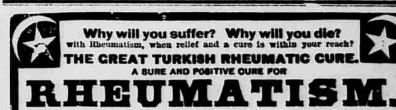
NGA.CE—Sufferers who have received samples should remember that they can buy a full box of Dr. Hyde's Bi-Sulpho Tablets at druggists, 50 cents, or by writing to the Bi-Sulpho Ca, Marshall, Mich., direct.

CURE FOR

And that is the remedy of Sun Remedy Co. No other doctor, doctors, sanitarium or institute in Kansas City can cure Syphilis. We cure in from 15 to 5 days without potash and mercury—we don't farm your case. There are dosens of so-called cures, and one or two doctors in Kansas City claim to cure Syphilis—they cannot cure you; better come to us first as last-you'll save time, money and health. Our remedy is absolutely the only remedy in Kansas City which completely cures Syphilis. No doubt you have learned that Syphilis is the most obstinate and deep-seated disease known; it is beyond the reach of the many so-called cures, purifiers and tonics. Our remedy goes right to the seat of the disease and removes every trace of the poison from the system. No one on earth can give you what we can—a cure.

We cure primary, secondary or tertiary Syphilis in from 15 to 3 days without mercury and absolutely no evil after affects. We will go before any hospital, clinic or committee of physicians and demonstrate our ability to cure any case of Syphilis they can produce. We challenge the world for a case that we cannot cure, and solicit the most obstinate cases. We will give unconditional guarantee to permanently cure or refund every dollar haid us. We will pay all expenses, hotel bills, railroad fare, etc., of say, be any case of Syphilis coming to us for treatment if we fall to cure. We can treat you at home under same guarantee. We do not make any charges for consultation, advice or correspondence, and no case need go without treatment. All are welcome. Call or write to-day.

SUN REMEDY CO., SO4 WYANDOTTE STREET, KAMSAS CITY, MG. Opposite Board of Trade; Next door to Y. M. C. A-8 A. M. TILL 8 P. M. SUNDAYS, 10 TILL 3.



Ordinary rheumatism is caused by exposure to drafts of cold air when the body is overheated and weight separation that I will give the for any case of rheumatism and weight separation to drafts of cold air when the body is overheated and weight separation to drafts of cold air when the body is overheated that I will give the for any case of rheumatism and weight separation in health, tool assimilation, etc. This causes a derangement of the kidneys and other that I will give the for any case of rheumatism that is exactly separation in the joints, tendens, sheaths of muscles, etc. Now, a successful treatment must be such that it will disable these poisons and eliminate them from the system, and that is exactly what this treatment does—a cure cannot be made any other way.

Remedies innumerable have been vaunted for the cure of rheumatism, but none were specified and the discovery of The Great Turking Remaining the procession will show and a test will prove full particulars.

101 W. 9th, Kansas City, M

ea & Perrins' Sauce

The Original Worcestershire

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

"Is adapted for every variety of dish-from Turtle to Beef, from Salmon to Steaks, to all of which it gives a famous relish."

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

COLLEGE FRATS FIGHT. truggle for Possession of Fingpole

on Fort Scott High School Arouses the City. FORT SCOTT, KAS., March 23,-(8)

cial.) The two literary societies of the Fort Scott high school have been having a blood and thunder time of it for two or three days over the possession of the flag pole on the high school building, and yes-terday the faculty ordered that no further attempt be made to place a flag of colors of either side upon the staff. Early yes-terday evening, however, the Kappi Pi Delta Society ran up its colors on the for bidden pole and half a dozen of its mem Court.

An echo of the Gillett failure found its way to the circuit court yesterday in the shape of a suit by I. P. Ryland to recover \$3.781.79 from H. G. Offutt and Elmore & Cooper. Offutt gave his note for this amount to Elmore & Cooper February 14, 1888. It fell due December II, 1888.

May Take a Long Vacation.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—It is now believed that President McKinley will take an extended vacation this summer. If public wanted to take a trip through the West, visiting Yellowstone park and going as far typic through the West, visiting Yellowstone park and going as far the faculty of the school responded, but the august professors and the minions of the law were powerless. Finally the belligation.

To-night the town is rearing with rival

To-night the town is rearing with rivary yells and the colors of either one side or the other are being floated from all of the principal buildings. The whole matter will culminate with the annual oratorical contest between the two societies to-morrow night at the opera house and a week from that date the winners will face a delegation from the Leavenworth high school.

SCHOOL FURNITURE TRUST. All the Large Manufacturing Plants in the Country Cousol-

idated.

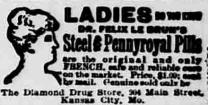
WABASH, IND., March 25-Theorganiza-tion of the American School Furniture Company, capital stock \$1,500,000, has been com-pleted, and to-day it absorbed over twelve large manufacturing plants, scattered throughout the Union. The scheme originated with James Lynn, manager of th Wabash factory, and has been a year ma-turing. The properties included are fac-tories at Buffalo, N. Y.; Burlington, Ia.; Walpole, Mass.; Wabash, Ind.; two at Richmond. Ind.; Bloomsburg, Pa.; Grand Rapids, Mich.; Springfield, Ill.; Piqua and Cleveland, O., and Manitowee, Wis. The articles of association filed here to-day name Samuel Lawrence as president and

Facial Sean.

cago, and 208 Chemical bldg. St. Louis.

in Extreme Bad Health

W. T. Scott, of Pilot Point, Tea-as, writes: My wife was in ex-treme bad health; she weighed 118 ibs.; she has taken 6 bottles of Dr. Thur mond's Blood Syrup, her health is entirely restored sad her beaith in entirely restored and weight is now 138 lbs. It is a for Female diseases. Sold b bruggists everywhere, and H. C. Arnold & Co. 197 Main.



James Summerfield as secretary. Both are New Yorkers. The company also instituted mortgages for \$500,000 to Waiter Oakum and George Trumbull, of New York, trustees, to secure twenty-year 6 per cent gold bonds, the mortgage covering all the plants.

Are unlike all other pills. No purg-ng or pain. Act specially on the liver and tile. Carter's Little Liver Pills. One pill

Laurada Brought \$150,000 in Gold. SEATTLE. WASH. March 22.—The steamer Laurada, which recently arrived from the North, brought \$150.000 from the klondike, being the first shipment of treasure from there this year. The fact of the gold dust being on the vessel has not been made public before.

GRAIN-O BRINGS RELIEF

